AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please replace all prior versions and listings of claims with the following Listing of Claims.

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A glucose-solasodine conjugate of the general formula I or a derivative thereof

$$R_{10}$$
 R_{20}
 R_{10}
 R_{20}
 R_{10}
 R_{20}
 R_{10}
 R_{20}
 R

wherein each of R_1 and R_2 are the same or different and represents, $\frac{1}{1}$ is a benzoyl or a pivaloyl group.

2. (Original) A method for the preparation of the glucose-solasodine conjugate as defined in claim 1, comprising the reaction of solasodine with a glucopyranosyl donor of generic formula II

$$R_3O$$
 R_3O
 R_3O
 R_4
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5

wherein each R₃ independently represents a benzoyl, acetyl or pivaloyl group,

wherein R_4 is halogen selected from Cl, Br or I and R_5 is hydrogen or R_4 is hydrogen and R_5 is SEt or SPh,

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followed by optionally de-protecting the obtained glycoside to yield a compound of the formula V

and reesterification of the most reactive hydroxyl groups (OH-3 and OH-6) to yield a compound of the formula IIa

wherein R₂ is a group selected from pivaloyl or acetyl.

3. (Original) A method for the preparation of solamargine comprising the glycosylation of the diol of formula IIa

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wherein R_2 is defined as in claim 1 with an α -L-rhamnopyranosyl donor to yield protected solamargine of formula III (1) which is de-esterified to yield solamargine of formula III (2)

$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ R_2O \\ OR_2 \\ Me \\ H \\ OR_2 \\ OR_2 \\ OR_3 \\ OR_2 \\ OR_3 \\ OR$$

- (1) R_1 =Piv and R_2 = Benzoyl or Acetyl
- (2) $R_1=R_2=H$
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the D-glucosepyranosyl donor is tetra-O-benzoyl-α-D-glucopyranosyl bromide, tetra-O-acetyl-α-D-glucopyranosyl bromide or tetra-O-pivaloyl-α-D-glucopyranosyl bromide.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 2 or 4, wherein the glycoslyation reaction is carried out in the presence of a promoter selected from silver trifluoromethane sulfonate (silver triflate), boron trifluoride diethyl etherate,

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trimethylsilyl triflate bromide, N-iodosuccinimide or dimethyl thiomethyl sulfonium triflate, silver trifluoromethyltriflate.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the protected glycoside is deprotected in methanol-dichloromethane solution by treatment with sodium methoxide, followed by neutralization with solid CO₂ or mild acid ion-exchange resin.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the most reactive hydroxyl groups (OH-3 and OH-6) are protected by reesterification with pivaloyl chloride in pyridine solution.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the rhamnose donor is tri-O-benzoyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl bromide, tri-O-pivaloyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate or a glycoside of the general formula IV

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & H & H & R_6 \\
 & R_7 O & H & IV
\end{array}$$
IV

wherein R₆ is Br, Cl, I, SEt or SPh and R₇ is benzoyl, acetyl or pivaloyl.

9. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the protected solamargine is deesterified by treatment with a base selected from sodium methoxide or sodium hydroxide in methanol-dichloromethane solution or a methanol-tetrahydrofuranwater mixture followed by neutralization with solid CO₂ or mild acid ion-exchange resin.